

DAMPING DEVICE FOR EXERCISING CYCLE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a damping device, and more
5 particularly to a damping device for an exercising cycle.

2. Description of the Related Art

A conventional damping device for an exercising cycle comprises a
resistance wheel rested on the rear wheel of the exercising cycle for providing
a damping effect to the rear wheel of the exercising cycle, thereby achieving
10 the exercising effect. However, the resistance values of the damping device
cannot be adjusted arbitrarily so as to fit the requirements of different users.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The primary objective of the present invention is to provide a
damping device for an exercising cycle.

15 Another objective of the present invention is to provide a damping
device, wherein the fixing disk is pushed to move relative to the magnetic disk
by rotation of the action block to change the distance between the magnetic
members of the fixing disk and the magnetic disk, so as to adjust the damping
force applied by the resistance wheel on the rear wheel of the exercising cycle,
20 so that the resistance values of the damping device can be adjusted arbitrarily
so as to fit the requirements of different users.

A further objective of the present invention is to provide a damping device that can be operated easily and conveniently, thereby facilitating the user operating the exercising cycle.

In accordance with the present invention, there is provided a

5 damping device, comprising:

a support base;

a housing secured on a side of the support base and having an inside formed with a receiving chamber, the housing including a first shell secured on the support base, a middle shell combined with the first shell and having a center formed with a mounting ring, and a second shell combined with the

10 middle shell;

a pivot shaft rotatably mounted on the support base;

a resistance wheel secured on the pivot shaft to rotate therewith;

a magnetic disk mounted in the receiving chamber of the housing and

15 secure on an end of the pivot shaft to rotate therewith;

a fixing disk movably mounted on the mounting ring of the middle

shell and having a periphery provided with a plurality of magnetic members

aligned with the magnetic disk, the fixing disk having a center formed with a

receiving recess having a wall formed with two positioning holes;

20 an action block rotatably mounted in the receiving recess of the fixing disk and having a periphery formed with two symmetrical guide slots;

two urging balls each mounted in a respective one of the two positioning holes of the fixing disk and each slidably mounted in a respective one of the two guide slots of the action block; and

a motor secured on an outer wall of the middle shell of the housing

5 and having a first end provided with a rotatable spindle extended through the fixing disk and fixed in the action block for rotating the action block.

Further benefits and advantages of the present invention will become apparent after a careful reading of the detailed description with appropriate reference to the accompanying drawings.

10 **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a damping device in accordance with the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a perspective view of the damping device in accordance with the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

15 Fig. 3 is a plan cross-sectional view of the damping device as shown in Fig. 2;

Fig. 4 is a partially exploded perspective view of the damping device in accordance with the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 5 is a partially enlarged view of the damping device as shown in
20 Fig. 3;

Fig. 6 is a plan cross-sectional assembly view of the damping device as shown in Fig. 4;

Fig. 6A is a plan view of the damping device as shown in Fig. 6;

Fig. 7 is a schematic operational view of the damping device as shown in Fig. 5;

Fig. 8 is a schematic operational view of the damping device as

5 shown in Fig. 6; and

Fig. 8A is a schematic operational view of the damping device as shown in Fig. 6A.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Referring to the drawings and initially to Figs. 1-4, a damping device

10 1 in accordance with the preferred embodiment of the present invention is mounted on the transverse rod A1 of the support frame A of an exercising cycle for providing a damping effect to the rear wheel B of the exercising cycle.

The damping device 1 comprises a support base 11, a housing 110, a
15 pivot shaft 12, a resistance wheel 13, a magnetic disk 14, a fixing disk 15, an elastic member 16, a DC motor 17, and an electronic instrument 18.

The support base 11 is substantially U-shaped and has two sides provided with two bearings 111.

The housing 110 is secured on a side of the support base 11 and has
20 an inside formed with a receiving chamber 112. The housing 110 includes a substantially U-shaped first shell 113 secured on the support base 11, a substantially U-shaped middle shell 114 combined with the first shell 113, and

a substantially U-shaped second shell 115 combined with the middle shell 114.

The middle shell 114 of the housing 110 has a center formed with a mounting ring 116. The second shell 115 of the housing 110 has an inside provided with a substantially U-shaped infrared sensor 117.

5 The pivot shaft 12 is rotatably mounted on the support base 11 and is extended through the two bearings 111.

 The resistance wheel 13 is secured on the pivot shaft 12 to rotate therewith and is rested on the rear wheel B of the exercising cycle.

10 The magnetic disk 14 is mounted in the receiving chamber 112 of the housing 110 and is secure on an end of the pivot shaft 12 to rotate therewith.

 The fixing disk 15 is mounted in the receiving chamber 112 of the housing 110 and is movably mounted on the mounting ring 116 of the middle shell 114. The fixing disk 15 has a periphery provided with a plurality of magnetic members 151 aligned with the magnetic disk 14 to produce a magnetic force with the magnetic disk 14. Preferably, the magnetic members 151 of the fixing disk 15 are arranged in an annular manner. The fixing disk 15 has a center formed with a receiving recess 152 having a wall formed with two positioning holes 153.

15 The damping device 1 further comprises an action block 155 rotatably mounted in the receiving recess 152 of the fixing disk 15 and having a periphery formed with two symmetrical arc-shaped guide slots 156, and two urging balls 154 each mounted in a respective one of the two positioning holes

153 of the fixing disk 15 and each slidably mounted in a respective one of the two guide slots 156 of the action block 155. Preferably, each of the two guide slots 156 of the action block 155 has a first end 1560 and a second end 1562 having a depth smaller than that of the first end 1560. Thus, the depth of each 5 of the two guide slots 156 of the action block 155 is gradually decreased from the first end 1560 to the second end 1562.

The elastic member 16 is mounted on the mounting ring 116 of the middle shell 114 and urged between the fixing disk 15 and the middle shell 114 for pushing the fixing disk 15 toward the magnetic disk 14.

10 The motor 17 is secured on an outer wall of the middle shell 114 of the housing 110. The motor 17 has a first end provided with a rotatable spindle 170 extended through the fixing disk 15 and fixed in the action block 155 for rotating the action block 155. The motor 17 has a second end provided with a rotatable code disk 171 having a periphery received in the infrared sensor 117.

15 The electronic instrument 18 is connected to the motor 17 to control operation of the motor 17.

In operation, referring to Figs. 1-8, each of the two urging balls 154 is initially received in the first end 1560 of a respective one of the two guide slots 156 of the action block 155 as shown in Figs. 6 and 6A. Then, the motor 17 is 20 operated by the electronic instrument 18 to rotate the action block 155 relative to the fixing disk 15, so that each of the two urging balls 154 is moved in the respective guide slot 156 of the action block 155. At this time, the depth of

each of the two guide slots 156 of the action block 155 is gradually decreased from the first end 1560 to the second end 1562, so that each of the two urging balls 154 is pushed by the wall of the respective guide slot 156 of the action block 155 to push the fixing disk 15 to move relative to the magnetic disk 14 so 5 as to change the distance between the magnetic members 151 of the fixing disk 15 and the magnetic disk 14.

Thus, when each of the two urging balls 154 is received in the deeper first end 1560 of a respective one of the two guide slots 156 of the action block 155 as shown in Figs. 6 and 6A, the distance between the magnetic members 10 151 of the fixing disk 15 and the magnetic disk 14 has the minimum value as shown in Fig. 5. Alternatively, when each of the two urging balls 154 is received in the shallower second end 1562 of a respective one of the two guide slots 156 of the action block 155 as shown in Figs. 8 and 8A, the distance between the magnetic members 151 of the fixing disk 15 and the magnetic disk 15 14 has the maximum value as shown in Fig. 7.

In such a manner, when the distance between the magnetic members 151 of the fixing disk 15 and the magnetic disk 14 is increased, the magnetic force between the magnetic members 151 of the fixing disk 15 and the magnetic disk 14 is decreased, such that the damping force applied by the 20 resistance wheel 13 on the rear wheel B of the exercising cycle is decreased. Alternatively, when the distance between the magnetic members 151 of the fixing disk 15 and the magnetic disk 14 is decreased, the magnetic force

between the magnetic members 151 of the fixing disk 15 and the magnetic disk 14 is increased, such that the damping force applied by the resistance wheel 13 on the rear wheel B of the exercising cycle is increased.

Accordingly, the fixing disk 15 is pushed to move relative to the 5 magnetic disk 14 by rotation of the action block 155 to change the distance between the magnetic members 151 of the fixing disk 15 and the magnetic disk 14, so as to adjust the damping force applied by the resistance wheel 13 on the rear wheel B of the exercising cycle, such that the resistance values of the damping device 1 can be adjusted arbitrarily so as to fit the requirements of 10 different users. In addition, the damping device 1 can be operated easily and conveniently, thereby facilitating the user operating the exercising cycle. In addition, the infrared sensor 117 can read the rotation times of the code disk 171 of the motor 17, so that the microprocessor (not shown) mounted in the electronic instrument 18 can calculate the relative position of the fixing disk 15 15 via the infrared sensor 117 so as to calculate the damping values.

Although the invention has been explained in relation to its preferred embodiment(s) as mentioned above, it is to be understood that many other possible modifications and variations can be made without departing from the scope of the present invention. It is, therefore, contemplated that the appended 20 claim or claims will cover such modifications and variations that fall within the true scope of the invention.